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- (2) The records required by this part may consist of the brewer's commercial documents, rather than records prepared expressly to meet the requirements of this part, if those documents contain all the details required by this part, are consistent with the general requirements of clarity and accuracy, and do not result in difficulty in their examination.
- (b) *Entries*. (1) Each entry required by this part to be made in daily records will be made not later than the close of the business day next succeeding the day on which the transaction occurs.
- (2) When the brewer prepares transaction or business records concurrenty with the individual operation or transaction and these records contain all the required information with respect to the operation or transaction, entries in daily records may be made not later than the close of business the third business day succeeding the day on which the operation or transaction occurs.
- (c) Content. (1) All entries in the daily records required by this subpart will show the date of the operation or transaction.
- (2) Daily records will accurately and clearly reflect the details of each operation or transaction and, as applicable, contain all data necessary to enable—
- (i) Brewers to prepare summaries, reports, and returns required by this part, and
- (ii) Appropriate TTB officers to verify removals of beer and cereal beverages, to verify claims, and to ascertain if there has been compliance with law and regulations.
- (d) Format. (1) The brewer's copies of prescribed forms which bear all required details will be utilized as daily records.
- (2) When a form is not prescribed, the records required by this subpart will be those commercial records used by the brewer in the accounting system and will bear all required details.
- (3) The brewer shall maintain daily records required by this part so they clearly and accurately reflect all mandatory information. When the format or arrangement of the daily records is such that the information is not clearly or accurately shown, the appropriate TTB officer may require a format or

arrangement which will clearly and accurately show the information.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1390, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5415))

§ 25.292 Daily records of operations.

- (a) Daily records. A brewer shall maintain daily records of operations which show by quantity the following:
- (1) Each kind of material received and used in the production of beer and cereal beverage (including the balling and the quantity of each type of material used in the production of wort or concentrated wort).
- (2) Beer and cereal beverage produced (including water added after production is determined).
- (3) Beer and cereal beverage transferred for and returned from bottling.
- (4) Beer and cereal beverage transferred for and returned from racking.
 - (5) Beer and cereal beverage bottled.
- (6) Beer and cereal beverage racked.
- (7) Cereal beverage removed from the brewery.
- (8) Beer removed for consumption or sale. For each removal, the record will show the date of removal, the person to whom the beer was shipped or delivered (not required for sales in quantities of one-half barrel or less for delivery at the brewery), and the quantities of beer removed in kegs and in bottles.
- (9) Beer removed without payment of tax. For each removal, the record will show the date of removal, the person to whom the beer was shipped or delivered, and the quantities of beer removed in kegs, bottles, tanks, tank cars, tank trucks, tank ships, barges or deep tanks of vessels.
- (10) Packaged beer used for laboratory samples at the brewery.
 - (11) Beer consumed at the brewery.
- (12) Beer returned to the brewery from which removed.
- (13) Beer returned to the brewery after removal from another brewery owned by the brewer.
- (14) Beer reconditioned, used as material, or destroyed.
- (15) Beer received from other breweries or received from pilot brewing plants.
- (16) Beer and cereal beverage lost due to breakage, theft, casualty, or other unusual cause.

- (17) Brewing materials sold or transferred to pilot brewing plants (including the name and address of the person to whom shipped or delivered) and brewing materials used in the manufacture of wort, wort concentrate, malt syrup, and malt extract for sale or removal.
- (18) Record of tests of measuring devices.
- (19) Beer purchased from other brewers in the purchasing brewer's barrels and kegs and such beer sold to other brewers.
- (b) Daily summary records. A brewer shall maintain daily summaries of the following transactions:
 - (1) Beer and cereal beverage bottled;
 - (2) Beer and cereal beverage racked;
- (3) Beer removed for consumption or sale:
- (4) Beer returned to the brewery from which removed;
- (5) Beer returned to the brewery after removal from another brewery owned by the brewer; and
- (6) Brewing materials, beer and cereal beverage in process, and finished beer and cereal beverage on hand.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1390, as amended, 1395, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5415, 5555))

[T.D. ATF-224, 51 FR 7673, Mar. 5, 1986; 51 FR 9190, Mar. 18, 1986; T.D. TTB-91, 76 FR 5478, Feb. 1, 2011]

§ 25.293 Record of ballings and alcohol content.

The brewer shall maintain a record of the ballings of the wort produced, and of the ballings and the alcohol content of beer and cereal beverage transferred for bottling and racking, between breweries in bulk conveyances, and to pilot brewing plants. Records showing ballings and alcohol content need not be consolidated and averaged daily unless the brewer so desires.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1390, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5415))

§ 25.294 Inventories.

(a) The brewer shall take a physical inventory of beer and cereal beverage at least once each calendar month. The brewer may take this inventory within 7 days of the close of the calendar month for which made.

- (b) The brewer shall make a record of inventories of beer or cereal beverage which will show the following:
 - (1) Date taken;
- (2) Quantity of beer and cereal beverage on hand;
- (3) Losses, gains, and shortages; and
- (4) Signature, under penalties of perjury of the brewer or person taking this inventory.
- (c) The brewer shall retain inventory records and make them available for inspection by an appropriate TTB officer.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1390, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5415))

[T.D. ATF-224, 51 FR 7673, Mar. 5, 1986, as amended by T.D. TTB-91, 76 FR 5478, Feb. 1, 2011]

§25.295 Record of unsalable beer.

A brewer having unsalable beer in packages or tanks in the brewery may destroy, recondition, or use the beer as material. The brewer shall report the quantity of the beer destroyed, reconditioned, or used as materials, in daily records and on Form 5130.9. If the unsalable beer consists of rejects from the packaging operations, the beer may be destroyed without being included in the packaging production records, and, when so destroyed, will be so reported in the brewer's daily records and on Form 5130.9. When reject bottled beer is to be consumed at the brewery or sold to brewery employees, or is cased or otherwise accumulated pending other disposition, the quantity will be included in the packaging production and be so reported in the brewer's daily records and on Form 5130.9.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1389 as amended, 1390, as amended, 1395 as amended (26 U.S.C. 5411, 5415, 5555))

§25.296 Record of beer concentrate.

- (a) Daily records. A brewer who produces concentrate or reconstitutes beer shall maintain daily records which accurately reflect the balling, quantity, and alcohol content of—
- (1) Beer entered into the concentration process:
- (2) Concentrate produced;
- (3) Concentrate transferred to other breweries:
- (4) Concentrate exported;